Illinois Assistive Technology Program

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Presentation:

Work Incentive Planning and Assistance

A little about the WIPA program

- WIPA stands for the Work Incentive Planning and Assistance program
- The WIPA program is designed to help people receiving SSI, SSDI, or both understand how earnings will affect both the State and Federal benefits they receive (SNAP/Food stamps, Subsidized housing, Veterans Benefits.....)
- WIPA also educates beneficiaries on the work incentives that they may be eligible to receive
- I am Certified through Cornell University's Employment and Disability Institute as a Benefits Specialist
- Certified as a Community Work Incentive Coordinator through Virginia Commonwealth University

Two SSA Disability Programs

- SSI Supplemental Security Income
- No work history or very little.
- Federal Benefit Rate \$750 for 2018 (Couples \$1125)
- SSDI Social Security Disability Insurance
- An individual draws benefits according to how much they have paid into FICA, credits accrued.

SSI

- General Income Exclusion (\$20.00)
- Earned Income Exclusion (\$65.00)
- Impairment Related Work Expense (IRWE)
- Every \$2.00 of earnings, reduces your SSI check by \$1.00.
- Refer to SSI Calculation Sheets
- Always Report Earnings to SSA

Keep Track of Your Monthly Earnings

- Report to SSA/FCRC (aka Public Aid)/Subsidized Housing/or other agency as needed
- Each month calculate and write down your monthly earnings (Gross Monthly Earnings)
- Keep track of who you spoke with and when (utilize a notebook with date; time; phone number; person contacted; agency; etc.)

Impairment Related Work Expense

Also known as an IRWE

Examples:

- Co Pays for medication
- Doctor office co pays
- Hearing Aids
- Assistive Technology
- Specialized transportation
- Etc.

It has to be related to your disability and you have to have it in order to work.

Blind Work Expense

- Service animal expenses
- Transportation to and from work
- Federal, state, and local income taxes
- Social Security taxes
- Attendant Care services
- Visual and sensory aids
- Translation of material into Braille
- Professional association fees and Union dues

Student Earned Income Exclusion

- Under age 22
- SSA will exclude up to \$1820 for 2018 of earned income per month, up to an annual exclusion of \$7350.
- You must contact SSA to activate this work incentive

Medicaid

Medicaid (apply separately at FCRC)

- 1619B Keep your Medicaid even if your SSI check is reduced to \$0.00 from <u>Earned Income</u> (Until \$27,102 for 2017)
- Contact SSA to activate this work incentive. SSA will release your eligibility to FCRC

- Health Benefits for Workers with Disabilities (HBWD) –
 Medicaid Buy-in program
- Application directly to HBWD. <u>www.hbwdillinois.com</u>

Plan for Achieve Self Support "PASS PLAN"

- A Plan to Achieve Self-Support (PASS) allows an SSI Recipient to set aside income and/or resources for a specified time for a work goal
- For example, you could set aside money to pay expenses for education, vocational training, or starting a business as long as the expenses are related to achieving your work goal
- The money in your plan will not count as an asset for SSI and Medicaid eligibility

SSDI

- Trial Work Period (TWP) (9 months within 5 years) \$850 (2018)
- Extended Period of Eligibility (EPE)
 Substantial Gainful Activity (SGA) non-blind \$1180 in 2018, \$1970
 Blind SGA for 2018.
- Grace Period (3 months during or after EPE)
- Expedited Reinstatement (within 5 years of case being closed)

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Subsidy/Special Condition

• A subsidy is a work incentive available to SSDI/DAC beneficiaries. A subsidy is the value of additional support a person receives in order to be able to perform substantial work.

Examples: Job Coach, performing fewer duties that others doing the same work, taking extra rest periods, etc.

Please Note: A Subsidy/Special Condition can only be applied once working above SGA (after TWP)

• Impairment Related Work Expense (IRWE)

Please Note: An IRWE can only be applied once working above SGA (after TWP)

Medicare

- Medicare
- Part A (Hospitalization Insurance) Free
- Part B (Medical Insurance)
 - \$134.00 (2018) deducted from SSDI check each month
- Medicare Savings Programs(if limited income and assets)
 QMB (pays premium and deductible)
 SLIB (pays premium)
- Part D (Medication)
- Extra Help

Spenddown

• Income limit for a family size of one \$1012 + \$25 unearned income Exclusion = \$1037

- Countable income less than \$1037 No Spenddown (Free Medicaid)
- Any countable income above this amount (\$1037) causes a spenddown.

Health Benefits for Workers with Disabilities (HBWD)

- Also called Medicaid Buy-in
- Pay monthly premium each month for Medicaid Card (same Medicaid as through your local DHS Office (also known as Public Aid)
- Apply through Springfield

(Website: www.hbwdillinois.com)

HBWD continued

- \$25,000 asset limit vs \$2,000 for local Medicaid
- Retirement Savings are exempt (IRA & 401K)
- A home and one car exempt asset
- Spouses income counts toward premium amount

HBWD continued

- Income Limits per month:
- 1 \$3,541
- 2 \$4,801
- 3 \$6,061
- 4 \$7,321
- 5 \$8,581

Example of Premium Amount

- \$700 Earnings from Work and \$900 SSDI is \$69 per month premium
- Your Spenddown would have been Approximately \$360
- If receiving SSI and have resources below \$2000 1619b is the best option because there is the spenddown protection.
- If receiving SSI and have resources above \$2000 asset limit will cause an asset spenddown.
- This is when HBWD would be a benefit.
- \$1585 (Earnings from work) and \$0.00 in unearned income is \$38 per month premium (HBWD).

Subsidized Housing

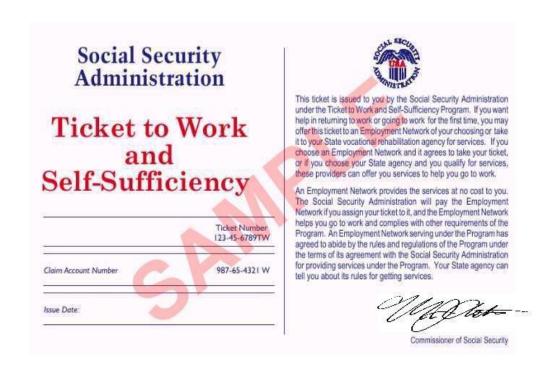
- Disallowance of Earned Income Program (Earned Income Disregard) Rent Paid to HUD
- Months 1 through 12 <u>increased income</u> due to Earnings from Employment <u>does not</u> count toward Rent
- Months 13 through 24; only 50% of <u>increase in income</u> due to Earnings from Employment count toward Rent calculation
- Earned Income Disregard offers 4 years to complete this program
- The clock begins the first month of calculation

SOCIAL SECURITY

Ticket to Work

What is a Ticket to Work?

A ticket you can use to get free employment services



Who will take my Ticket?

- IL DHS Division of Rehabilitation Services/ Bureau of Blind Services
- Employment Networks:
 - -Private companies
 - Public organizations
 - -Employment agencies, schools, etc.
- Under contract with Social Security
- Contact the Help Line for a list of Employment Networks!

Why use your Ticket?

- No medical review while ticket is in use
- The program is voluntary
- You develop a plan to reach your employment goals.
- IL DHS DRS/Employment Network works with you.



Where to start?



Learn more about work incentives



Connect with your employment team — State VR or EN



Stay positive; look for opportunities

Resources currently available

- Help Line: (866-968-7842)
- Maximus (Ticket Manager) Division of Rehabilitation
 Services or Employment Network. (same number)
- www.chooswork.ssa.gov
- Protection and Advocacy for Beneficiaries of Social Security (PABSS) Equip for Equality 800/537-2632 or www.equipforequality.org
- SSA Spotlight Website :
 www.ssa.gov/ssi/links-to-spotlights.htm

SSI Reporting: 800-772-1213 or Phone App.

Resources Continued

• SSA Redbook online:

http://ssa.gov/redbook/eng/TheRedBook2018.pdf

- My Social Security (ssa.gov) <u>SSDI can report gross monthly</u> earnings on this account. Contact your Social Security Office to get started.
- My Medicare (medicare.gov)

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